Risk Assessment Form Version:					assessment see	For further info on risk assessment see: BHCC Risk Assessment Guidance						kely	. ,		
Task / Activity							Likelihood (L)		Impact (I)		(I)				
Covered by the assessment		Public bus travel - generic RA for local adaptation						Almost Impossible 1		Insignificant (minor injury, no time off)			ury, no		
Workplace								non-permanent injury, p to 7 days off)							
	Date of Assessment January 2023			Date Assessment to be reviewed	January 2024	January 2024			Possible 3 Mode			erate ((injury causing re than 7 days off)			
Pers		·		Manager/ Head teacher								Major ((death or seriou injury)			
Staff involved in assessment							Almost Certain 5		Cat	Catastrophic (multiple deaths)		ple			
										Noder = 4-7		gnific 3-14		H	igh 15-25
What are the significant, foreseeable, hazards? (the dangers that can cause harm)			Who is at Risk?		Current control measuresRisk RatingWhat additional control be put in place to red to red(What is already in place/done)LIR				o red		e the Rating			Sign as done	
Risk of injury walking to bus stop1.e.g. crossing roads, wandering into roads, inappropriate behaviour etc.		Pupils Supervising adults	See separate 'Walking (in t assessment (with your lo												

2.	Risk of injury waiting at bus stop e.g. children wandering in to the road, stranger danger, behaving irresponsibly, pedestrian/cycle lanes etc.	Pupils Supervising adults	 Children briefed regarding expected behaviours and hazards before leaving school. Ensure depart well in time to avoid rushing, and view 'live' times online to avoid excess waiting times. Group to wait at the bus stop without inconveniencing other road users/pedestrians. Appropriate supervision levels, including 'high risk' children (e.g. medical/behavioural) to be identified and supervised accordingly. Where an individual pupil has specific support within the school, this should be replicated offsite. [STATE YOUR SCHOOL'S RATIO]. Regular head counts at waiting point and before bus departs. Children advised not to move around approaching OR stationary vehicles/bikes unnecessarily. Staff and pupils to be mindful of large wing mirrors as bus approaches and stand back. 						
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3.	Risk of slips trips/falls when boarding/disembarking the bus	Pupils Supervising adults	 Wait for bus to be stationary before boarding/disembarking/climbing stairs in double decker. Use designated raised curb at bus stop or wait for driver to adjust floor level. A member of staff should be first and last on bus and identify an appropriate muster point. Children reminded to board/disembark in an orderly manner, without pushing, running, jumping etc. Follow safety advice from bus driver/staff. Staff assistance given to younger children/those with mobility issues (there should be a separate risk assessment for children with severe mobility issues or wheelchair users). Be mindful of obstacles in gangway and store bags underfoot. 		
4.	Risk of injury during bus journey	Pupils Supervising adults Driver	 Children to remain seated throughout journey. Supervising adults to be spread evenly throughout the coach. Appropriate supervision levels/group structure – including 'high risk' children (e.g. medical/behavioural) to be identified and supervised accordingly. [STATE YOUR SCHOOL'S RATIO]. Loose luggage to be secured/stored safely. Appropriate behaviour to be reminded and enforced. 		

5.	Medical emergency / illness (e.g. children, staff, driver)	Pupils Supervising adults Driver	 Trained first aider(s) present including additional paediatric first aider where group age range includes birth to five years. Access to first aid kit, details of pre-existing medical conditions/allergies e.g. individual care plans where in place, and prescribed emergency medication (with staff trained to administer e.g. Epi-pens, asthma inhalers). Awareness of location of local A&E department. Emergency contact numbers (home/base contact, parents, carers, school, venue) etc. Mobile phones (ideally, a selection of network providers) to be charged and available for use. Supervision/first aid ratios planned to take account of emergencies requiring staff member to accompany to hospital or provide 1:1 support. Staff to be aware of and follow school's emergency procedures. Staff to have access to cash or card for emergency payments.
6.	Injury resulting from bus breakdown – e.g. on busy road / motorway.	Pupils Supervising adults Driver	 Dynamic risk assessment to be undertaken by staff (with driver input) to establish whether safer to remain on or leave the vehicle to a safe haven. Regular headcounts if vehicle vacated and pupils to wait in a safe place, away from other traffic or hazards.
7.	Injury resulting from road traffic accident	Pupils Supervising adults Driver Other road users Pedestrians	 Avoid journeys in extreme weather conditions e.g. snow, ice, torrential rain, high winds etc. Children/staff briefed not to distract the driver.

8.	Absconding or lost child	Pupils Supervising adults	 Assessment of pupil's suitability (physical, mental and emotional) to travel by public transport. Safety briefing to pupils to stay together, not to talk to non-group members and what to do in the event of becoming separated e.g. contact card. Regular headcounts. Staff to dynamically assess passenger behaviour. Pupils to wear identifying clothing. Appropriate supervision levels at all times [STATE YOUR SCHOOL'S RATIO]. 		
9.	Stranger danger	Pupils	 Staff to remain vigilant and pupils to report any concerns. Wherever possible, avoid members of the public who are behaving erratically. Pupils to avoid sitting next to non-group members wherever possible, and to sit together. 		